The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA
CONGERITUR— VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1785. (No. 87.)

Jonathan Swift and Company,

Take the earlieſt opportunity to inform their friends and cuſtomers in town and country, that they have removed from Captain Harper's Wharf, to a ſtore on the ſouth ſide of Fairfax-ſtreet, where they have now open and ready for ſale,

A GENERAL aſſortment of WINTER GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of by wholeſale and retail, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh, produce, or good bills of exchange on any part of Europe.—They return their grateful thanks to thoſe gentlemen in town and country who have favored them with their cuſtom, and flatter themſelves that the moderate prices of their goods, and their endeavours to give ſatisfaction, will induce them to continue their favors.—They have now on hand, excellent hyſon, ſouchong and bohea tea, London porter, ſoap in boxes, chocolate, pimento, New-England rum, molaſſes, Liverpool ware, well aſſorted, and a few caſks of nails of different ſizes, which they will diſpoſe of very low.

☞ Wanted, a Negro Woman, who has ſerved in a decent family, who can cook in a plain way, and waſh and iron.—None need apply but thoſe who can be well recommended for their honeſty, induſtry and ſobriety.

Alexandria, Sept. 22, 1785.

William Hartſhorne and Company,

Have removed their Store to Fairfax-ſtreet, oppoſite to Joſeph Janney's, where they have for Sale, on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or country Produce,

JAMAICA and New-England rum, molaſſes, ſugar, and a variety of Dry Goods, beſides a cargo of FALL GOODS, juſt arrived at Baltimore, and may be expected here in a few days, which, with what they have on hand, will make up a very good aſſortment.—Being obliged to quit the retail buſineſs, in order to ſettle their affairs, they propoſe to ſell by wholeſale only.

☞ Thoſe indebted to them more than three months, will oblige them by paying as ſoon as convenient.—Such as have it not in their power to pay ſhortly, it is hoped will be ſo obliging as to ſettle accounts, and paſs their notes for the balance.

Alexandria, Sept. 22, 1785.

To be Let on Leaſe, for the Term of Ten Years,

TWO thouſand ſix hundred acres of LAND, in the county of Frederick, of as good quality as any of the ſame number in one body in ſaid county, which will be laid off in lots or parcels as follow, viz. Three unimproved lots of 400 acres each, one improved of 400, and one other improved of 800. On the two laſt have been worked ſeveral hands many years, and they are in ſuch order, and there is ſuch a proportion of woodland now to be cleared, that twenty-eight or thirty hands may be worked to advantage on them.—The terms of the leaſes may be known by applying to Capt. William Ball, on the premiſes, who will alſo ſhew the land. The ſtocks of horſes, cattle, hogs, corn, fodder and plantation utenſils, may be had. There are fifty Negroes on the plantations, all of whom or a part may be purchaſed, and the remainder be had on hire for one year, by private bargain.—Ready caſh will be required for one half of the purchaſe, and ſix months credit allowed for the other, on bond and ſecurity.

HUGH NELSON,

York, Sept. 15, 1785.

Herbert and Potts,

Have for SALE, at their STORE, on the Corner of Fairfax and Queen Streets, an Aſſortment of ſeaſonable MERCHANDISE, among which are the following Articles:

SUPERFINE, ſecond and coarſe broadcloths, foreſt ditto, duffil and kerſeys, of a variety of colours, Negro cotton, ſcarlet, red and white flannels, ſtriped linſeys, beaver coating, ſwanſkins, camblets, durants, halfthicks, fine cloth ſerges, ſhalloons, plains, plaids, yarn, worſted, cotton, thread and ſilk hoſe, oſnaburgs, ſtriped and roſe blankets, carpets, cotton and wool cards, fine and coarſe hats of all ſizes, death-head and metal buttons, ſcarf and leger twiſt, ſewing-ſilk, button moulds, ſackings, green and mottled rugs, marſeilles quilting, ſatinets, fuſtians and jeans, plain and corded dimities, cotton counterpanes from 8 to 11-4, ſtriped hollands, bed ticks and bunts, furniture check, queen's cords, velverets, apron and yard-wide checks, ſtriped and plain lawns, plain, figured, tamboured and ſtriped muſlins, printed linens and cottons, Iriſh linens of all prices, printed and Barcelona handkerchiefs, Manchester gown patterns, black and white gauzes, German linen, oſnaburgs, tailors', ſtitching and nuns' threads, broad and narrow tapes, garterings, luſtrings, perſians and ſarſenets, black and white ſatins, ribbons of every kind, velvet bindings, mens' and womens' gloves, writing-paper, horn and ivory combs, gimped and saddlers' fringe, ſilk laces and gloves, ſtays, ivory, buck, ſtag and bone handle knives and forks, cutlau and pen knives, tailors' ſhears and ſciſſors, raſps, ſpectacles with ſteel and paper caſes, mill, hand and pit ſaw files, ſhoemakers' tools, H and L hinges, tobacco and ſnuff boxes, carpenters' hammers, ſquares and handſaws, augers, ſpike and ſmall gimlets, ſtock, pad, deſk, cheſt, drawer and cupboard locks, knob ditto, ſteelyards, pins and needles, ſhoe and knee buckles, ſleeve-buttons, deſk furniture, candleſticks and ſnuffers, copper tea kettles and coffee-pots, bell-metal ſkillets, mortars and peſtles, ſpades and ſhovels, pit and croſs-cut ſaws, tailors' and womens' thimbles, ſteel and plated ſpurs, ſealing-wax, wafers, quills, black-lead pencils, watch chains, ſtrings, ſeals and keys, horſe bells, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, flooring brads, crates of queen's, earthen and ſtone ware, white lead, ground logwood, allum and copperas, ſhot, ſlates and pencils, blank and ruled books, ſweeping, ſcrubbing, duſting, hearth, clothes, carriage and comb bruſhes, curry-combs and bruſhes, coffee, copper and Indian-corn mills, wire and hair ſifters, warming-pans, pipes, hyſon tea, an invoice of medicines, and a collection of medical books, boxes of glaſs ware, and ſets of china, marble chimney pieces and ſide-board ſlabs, and a number of other articles.

Alexandria, Sept., 1785.

FALL GOODS.

Robinſon, Anderſon and Ramney,

Are juſt now landing from on board the Ship Peggy, Capt. Tidal, from Whitehaven,

A LARGE and well-aſſorted cargo of European Goods, ſuitable for the preſent and approaching ſeaſon, which will be ſold on the loweſt terms, by wholeſale only, at their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet.

N. B. They will give the higheſt caſh price for good tobacco, as uſual.

Alexandria, Sept. 1785.

☞ A great Variety of BLANKS, printed on good Paper, may be had at the Printing-Office.

For LONDON,

THE new Ship MARY, JOHN STEWART, Maſter, burthen 400 hogſheads. She is now loading at George-Town, and will take in (with liberty of conſignment) 150 hogſheads, at £.7 ſterling per ton.—She will poſitively ſail by the middle of next month, nearly two-thirds of her cargo being at preſent engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Maſter on board, or MATTHEWS and ORME.

George-Town, Sept. 20, 1785.

To be Sold, on Saturday the 29th of October next, to the higheſt Bidder, by Public Auction, on the Premiſes,

A MOIETY of an undivided TRACT of LAND, lying on Cedar-Run, in Prince-William County, about 15 miles from Dumfries, containing about 200 acres. This land was held as tenants in common by the late Rev. John Moncure and the late Rev. James Scott; the part belonging to the latter is directed by his will to be ſold for the payment of his debts, and the benefit of reſiduary legatees.—The land will be divided before the day of ſale, and a good title made to the purchaſer. There is a tenant on ſaid land, who has ſowed ſome ſmall grain, and if the purchaſer ſhould remove him, he muſt allow him a proper compenſation for the grain ſowed. The terms are, twelve months credit, with bond and approved ſecurity, to bear intereſt from the date if not punctually paid.

T. BLACKBURN,
Adminiſtrator of J. Scott, deceaſed.

Prince-William County,
Sept. 20, 1785. §

AGREEABLE to the laſt will of Philip Noland, jun. deceaſed, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder on the premiſes, about two miles and an half above Noland's Ferry, on the fifteenth day of October next, if fair, if not the next fair day, the ſaid Noland's dwelling Plantation, containing at leaſt 213 acres. This plantation, as to ſoil, water, meadow, and orchard, is equal to any land of the quantity on Potomack river; the orchard has made 3000 gallons of cyder a year. Said land lies on the river about three quarters of a mile, on which is a dwelling-houſe, kitchen, meat-houſe, and a new barn. The ſituation of the place is very beautiful and healthy.—The money muſt be paid as the children come of age; that is in five years one hundred pounds, and one fourth part of the balance in nine years, one fourth in ten years, one fourth in eleven years, and one fourth in thirteen years. The purchaſer muſt give bond, with approved ſecurity, for the payment of the money and intereſt. The intereſt muſt be paid annually, for the ſupport of the children, otherwiſe the bonds ſhall be liable to be put in ſuit, for the recovery of the principal and intereſt.—On the above land is a fine limeſtone quarry, within 400 yards of the river, where a large quantity of lime might be made, and if the river ſhould be made navigable, in a little time pay for the land.—On the ſame day, at the aforeſaid place, will be ſold ſome cattle, horſes and hogs; alſo, ſome corn, fodder and wheat, on one years credit, giving bond and approved ſecurity,

THOMAS NOLAND, Executor.

September 20, 1785.

IN order that my dower may not be prejudicial to the ſale of the above land, and my children might not be injured by me, I oblige myſelf to take for and in lieu of my right of dower, two hundred pounds, one years credit, on giving bond and approved ſecurity,

MARY NOLAND, Widow.

September 20, 1785.

LONDON, July 19.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, June 28.

"ON the 22d of this month an Algerine corſair, of 18 guns, was ſunk off Mahon, by two Spaniſh frigates, after a moſt deſperate engagement, and all on board periſhed. What is aſtoniſhing, thoſe fierce and vindictive plunderers kept an inceſſant firing from their tops into the King's ſhips, the very time their veſſel was going down, which killed and wounded upwards of 20 men. The ſame corſair, two days before, took a large ſhip, from Amſterdam for Leghorn, which they manned and ſent to Algiers. All the Dutch priſoners, except the Captain, were on board the rover at the time of the engagement, and periſhed with the Barbarians."

Letters by the laſt foreign mails adviſe, that the project of a league to be formed between the ſeveral Princes of Germany, to maintain the balance of power in the Empire, is no longer a myſtery; and as the King of Pruſſia is to be the head of it, or the centre of the union, theſe Princes, it is ſaid, are going to ſend Miniſters to Berlin to hold conferences, and regulate the conditions and objects of that confederation. M. Beulwitz, Miniſter of State of the Electorate of Hanover, is already arrived at Berlin, and with the Count de Finckenſtien went to Potſdam to open the negociations. It is natural that the Emperor ſhould not ſee with an eye of indifference theſe movements, which ſeem to indicate ſome diffidence reſpecting him, in quality of head of the Germanic body: To expreſs, it is ſaid, how far he is from a deſign of aggrandizing himſelf, at the expence of other members of that body; and how ſincerely he has at heart thoſe objects for maintaining of which the confederation is to be formed, his Imperial Majeſty offers not only to put himſelf at the head of the United-Provinces and States; but in order to deſtroy the ſuſpicions and miſtruſt, which the rumours reſpecting an intended exchange of Bavaria have given room to, he has cauſed the ſtrongeſt aſſurances to be given to ſeveral of the members of the Empire, that theſe reports are totally deſtitute of foundation. This was the commiſſion the Count de Trautmanſdorff, Miniſter from the Emperor to the Electorate Court of Mentz, and the circle of the Upper Rhine, was charged with at different Courts in that part of Germany: He there declared, "That the rumours of exchange and ſecularization, ſaid to be projected, had the more ſenſibly affected his Majeſty, as he wiſhed nothing more than to preſerve the conſtitution of the Germanic body in all its integrity, and to ſee the States of the Empire maintained in the quiet poſſeſſion of the countries that now belong to them: Paternal views, into which his Imperial Majeſty was diſpoſed to enter with the ſaid States, by cloſer connexions, to gaurantee mutually their reſpective poſſeſſions."

Extract of a letter from an Engliſh gentleman in New-York to his friend in England, June 2.

"But among the many novelties which daily flow from the copious ſources of fortune, none more ſingular, I think, has preſented itſelf here than the arrival of the Empreſs of China, an American Eaſt-Indiaman. The ſhip was fitted but a few months after my arrival in the new States. Her cargo conſiſted of furs, genſang, ſome cordage, and Spaniſh dollars. The two firſt articles are of American production, and the laſt of theſe two almoſt peculiar to this country. However ſanguine the Americans may have been in their expectations from an event which was likely to prove a great commercial æra in the States, the return of the Empreſs with the golden fleece, more than realized the warmeſt hopes of her ſucceſs. The genſang alone more than purchaſed her returns, a conſiderable balance was left behind, and the dollars were brought back to America. This voyage, my friend, is an immenſe thing, and opens a vaſt reſource to the United States. Its immediate effects here are deciſively happy; but its remoter operation on ſeveral branches in European Eaſt-India trade will be proved, I ſuſpect, no very favorable omen. I do not profeſs much political foreſight, but as far as I can judge from the weak lights of my own underſtanding, now cleanſed of prejudice, it ſtrikes me as an event that ſhould open the eyes of my native country, to the real ſituation of this riſing Empire—as an event that ought to decide with your wiſe ſtateſmen, the neceſſity and policy of immediately forming a treaty of commerce with this country. The local ſituation of America ſeems evidently to have prepared its citizens the wideſt field for commercial enterprizes, and to have deſigned, in the mutual lapſe of things, this country as the great rival of Europe. Conſidering its contiguity to all the high ways of trade, to the wealthy regions of the South, to the Weſt-Indies, and to the courſes of Eaſt-India navigation, it ſeems every way formed, more than any other country on the globe, to profit by thoſe productions, which ſpring from and are adapted to the moſt extenſive diverſity of ſoil and climate It has now opened the gates of the eaſt, and the firſt beams of their morning have promiſed a ſplendid meridian to their commercial day. It has taſted the luxuries of that opulent traffic which in European hands has been promoted by racks, ruin, death, and the ſubverſion of large Empires. They will not voluntarily relinquiſh ſuch golden harveſts. They, who once taſte this Pactolus of commerce, return with reluctance to the muddy waters of vulgar fatigue; and depend on it, from the preſent ſtate of Europe, the Americans will be powerfully protected in this trade. Europe may feel the nerve of intereſt alarmed, but her ſinews lead not to one ſingle hand; and the Americans are too wiſe not to feel the triumph of a protected weakneſs over the political diviſions of ſtrength. It is, you know, the intereſt of Europe, that a monopoly of this rich trade ſhould not be lodged in any ſingle power, and the Americans will be encouraged to divide and appropriate that, which in the hands of a potent rival, would be a dangerous ſource of opulence."

July 20. The death of the Prince Biſhop of Lubeck, announced in the Gazette of Saturday laſt, will, it is ſaid, be a conſiderable loſs to the Proteſtant intereſt in Germany (though his Highneſs did not exerciſe any ſovereign authority, that being delegated to the Archbiſhop of Bremen) his hoſpitality, temperance, and univerſal benevolence, making him one of the chief ornaments of the Lutheran church.

Lord Sackville in his ſpeech in the Houſe of Lords, on the commercial reſolutions relative to Ireland, on Monday laſt (which was not more admired for its matter, than for the manner of its delivery, the one aſſiſting the other, and ſerving to convey ſound ſenſe and argument to the auditor, in a mode moſt intereſting to the mind) took occaſion ſtrongly to mark the diſtinction between a real union, like that with Scotland, and the preſent patch-work attempt at ſomething like an union with Ireland; "it is contended," ſaid his Lordſhip, "that theſe reſolutions are to form the baſis of a plan, founded on the parliamentary reſolution of May, 1782, which declared the neceſſity of eſtabliſhing an intercourſe between the two kingdoms, on a ſolid and permanent footing, and it is ſaid, that this plan will be final and concluſive. Do theſe Noble Lords who hold this argument reflect on the eſſential difference between the two compacts; the union with Scotland combined the two Legiſlatures in one, conſequently it lay in the wiſdom of the Parliament of Great-Britain to amend any defect, or correct any error that might have eſcaped attention in the ſettlement of the act of union. Is the caſe in the preſent inſtance any thing like this! Directly the reverſe; the two independent Legiſlatures that have been parties in the negociation of the preſent reſolution, will remain in exiſtence and poſſeſs their powers, in all the extent of their primary exiſtence; hence the moment that popular clamour, or caprice, the diſcontents of the people, or the jealouſy of the Parliament of either Kingdom, ſhould ſound the voice of complaint, the two Legiſlatures would take the field again, and wage the war of negociation anew. Will any man, after conſidering theſe facts, argue, that the preſent plan of arrangement, let its termination here or in Ireland be what it may for the preſent, can in the nature of things be final or concluſive?"

The Dutch city of Rotterdam is governed by a police ſo formed and executed, that the doors and windows are ſeldom faſtened, and robberies are hardly ever heard of. One maxim that conduces much to the public ſafety is, that all vagrants are upon diſcovery, taken into cuſtody and ſent to the Raſp-Houſe, where they are kept to hard labour for a time, and then ſent out of the country.

July 21. The poor laws of this country are in themſelves ſo execrable, as to be properly termed the folio of corruption; and what additional aggravation is it to their malignity, to think of their adminiſtration! Characters of all others the moſt ſuſpicious, the moſt objectionable; low, illiterate, ill-principled tradeſmen, whoſe obvious intereſt it is to connive at and encourage abuſes, to huddle into each poor-houſe as many paupers as they can, and to let them be as riotous and as waſteful as they. Such tradeſmen, therefore, as cheeſmongers, coalmen, tallowchandlers, bakers, &c. &c. ſhould never be ſuffered in the governing part of any pariſh.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, July 15.

"Nothing can be more pleaſing to every true Iriſhman, than to ſee with what ſpirit the ſeveral counties and cities throughout this iſland, ſtand forward to expreſs their ſentiments relative to the commercial propoſitions, now pending in the Britiſh Parliament; among theſe the freeholders and freemen of the county of Tipperary, at a meeting in Caſhel, have voted an addreſs, not only to Henry Prettie and Daniel Foley Eſquires, the repreſentatives of the county in Parliament, but alſo to Richard Pennefather, and William Pennefather, Eſquires, burgeſſes for the city of Caſhel, Thomas Barton, Eſq; ditto for Ferard, and the Hon. William Moore, and Stephen Moore, Eſquires, ditto for Clonmell in Parliament; inſtructing them to poſtpone the diſcuſſion of thoſe propoſitions until next ſeſſion."

NEW-YORK, September 10.

We hear from good authority, that Congreſs have directed the Board of Treaſury to report an ordinance for fixing the ſtandard of weights and meaſures throughout the United States of America.

On a report of the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, accompanied with a letter of the 10th ult. from the Hon. Miniſter Plenipotentiary, of the United Netherlands, and a commiſſion from their High Mightineſſes the Lords the States-General, to Diederick Leertouwer, appointing him their Conſul for New-Hampſhire and Maſſachuſetts, to reſide at Boſton; Congreſs have

Reſolved, That the ſaid commiſſion be regiſtered in the office of the Secretary of Congreſs; and that thereupon an act of recognition in due form be iſſued to the States in queſtion, in order that they may furniſh the ſaid Conſul with their exequator or notification of his quality, that the ſame may be known and publiſhed.

On the 17th ult. Congreſs came to the following reſolution.

Whereas many States in the union continue to be unrepreſented in Congreſs, or to be repreſented by only two members, notwithſtanding the many urgent recommendations of Congreſs for remedying theſe defects, particularly thoſe of 1ſt of November, 1783, and the 19th of April 1784. And whereas for the want of a complete repreſentation, the great intereſts of the union have frequently been, and continue to be neglected or delayed, and the confederation itſelf, or the adminiſtration thereof by Congreſs, may be conſidered as the cauſe of evils which ſolely reſult from an incomplete repreſentation. And whereas it is incumbent on Congreſs to prevent opinions ſo derogatory to their honor and ſo dangerous to the public welfare;

Reſolved, That the Secretary of Congreſs ſhall once in every month, tranſmit to the Legiſlatures of the reſpective States, a liſt of the States repreſented, and of thoſe unrepreſented in Congreſs, and of the members from each State, that effectual meaſures may from time to time be taken by ſuch States as may be unrepreſented, or repreſented by only two members, to remedy theſe defects.

On a report of the Board of Treaſury, they have alſo

Reſolved, That in all caſes where certificates of the United States, payable to bearer, have been loſt, and no ſatisfactory evidence given of the ſame having been deſtroyed, it would be improper that any new certificates ſhould iſſue to replace the ſame.

On the 24th ult. Congreſs reſolved, "That the Secretary to the United States for Foreign Affairs, be, and he is hereby directed to report the draft of an act to be recommended to the Legiſlatures of the reſpective States, for puniſhing the infractions of the laws of nations, and more eſpecially for ſecuring the privileges and immunities of public Miniſters from foreign powers."

The 7th inſt. Congreſs came to the following reſolution, "That the Poſt-Maſter-General be, and he is hereby authoriſed and inſtructed under the Board of Treaſury, to enter into contracts, under good and ſufficient ſecurity, for the conveyance of the different mails by the ſtage carriages, from Portſmouth in the State of New-Hampſhire, to the town of Savannah in the State of Georgia; and from the city of New-York, to the city of Albany, in the State of New-York, according to the accuſtomed route."

Sept. 15. A principal reaſon *Bachelors* do not marry, is the exceſſive folly of the times.—An ignorant blockhead of a mechanic, and his ſtill more ſtupid wife, bring their daughters up ſuch fine ladies, that men are afraid to venture on them. Dreſs and a fine perſon may captivate fools; but there muſt be ſomething ſuperior to theſe to attract men of ſenſe. Marrying a woman for her beauty is like eating a bird for its finging.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.

A committee from a reſpectable meeting of citizens held at Byrne's tavern, having waited on Doctor Franklin to propoſe to him a ſeat in the executive Council at the enſuing election. It is with the greateſt pleaſure the committee announce to the public his acceſſion to their propoſal; to which they do not apprehend there will be a diſſenting voice in the city.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 29.

At an Examination Court, held here on Tueſday laſt, Joſeph Miner, for Burglary and Felony, was ordered by ſaid Court to Richmond for further Trial.

The Minerva, Capt. Hewſon, is arrived in James-River, from London.

The Glaſgow, Patrick, from Virginia, and Potomack Planter, John's, from Maryland, are arrived at Dover.

MARRIED.] Mr. JONATHAN SWIFT, Merchant, to the amiable Miſs NANCY ROBERDEAU, elder Daughter to General ROBERDEAU, of this Town.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Hero, J. Humphries, from Baltimore.

Cleared Outwards. Sloop Hero, J. Humphries, for Baltimore.

PRICES CURRENT, ALEXANDRIA.

TOBACCO 25 s. per Ct.
Fine Flour, 28 s. per Barrel.
Wheat, 5 s. per Bushel.
Jamaica Spirits, 4/6 per Gallon.
Windward Rum, 3 s. per Ditto.
Continental Rum, 2 s. per Ditto.
Molasses, 1/8 per Ditto.
Muscovado Sugar, 35 s. to 42/6 per Ct.
Salt, 3 s. per Bushel, by Retail.
Corn, 3 s. per Bushel.
Exchange, 40.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Saturday the first of October, will be Sold at the Vendue-Store,

A VARIETY of WET and DRY GOODS, consisting of West-India and Continental rum in hogsheads and barrels, muscovado sugar, wine in bottles, soap, chocolate, chintzes, cambricks, linens, cloths, paints of various colours, glass and queen's ware, &c. &c.—Also, Specie Certificates.

☞ And on Monday the third of October, will be rented, a number of LOTS, on Water-street, between Prince and King Streets, on ground-rent, for ever, with the privilege of purchasing out in ten or twenty years.

S. ARELL, Vendue-Master.

Alexandria, Sept. 29, 1785.

The Alexandria Inn and Coffee-House,

Is now open, and ready for the Reception of TRAVELLERS and others:

THE house is large, and well calculated for the above purpose, with the convenience of a large and commodious stable, where horses are taken in at livery, on the most reasonable terms, by the year or month.—I have in this house several very convenient private rooms, with fire-places, where gentlemen may be most comfortably accommodated.—It will continue to be furnished with most kinds of liquors of the best quality, and such rarities of the seasons as our market will afford, accompanied with such attendance as, I hope, will not fail to please.

HENRY LYLES.

Alexandria, Sept. 29, 1785.

To be Sold to the highest Bidder, on Wednesday, the 23d of November, at my Farm, on Potomack River, if fair, otherwise the next fair Day,

THAT valuable TRACT of LAND, containing between six and seven hundred acres, bounded by the Potomack on one side, and Rosier's-Creek on the other, with navigation at the door, situated within two miles of the Roundhill Church, Washington's Mill, and Machodick Warehouses, and nearly opposite Cedar-Point, on the Maryland side.—The soil is good for corn, wheat, or tobacco, and the place noted for fish, crabs, wild fowl and oysters. It has every advantage for farming, having salt marshes and meadow ground, that may be reclaimed at a small expence. A good dwelling-house, with four rooms below stairs and two above; a large barn, tobacco-house, corn-houses, and Negro quarters.—The land will be surveyed, and sold by the acre. It will be shewn to any one inclinable to purchase, by Mason Bennett, who lives on the premises.—One-third of the purchase-money to be paid on the day of sale, in specie, tobacco, or officers and soldiers certificates at specie value. The remainder to be paid in eight years, by equal annual payments. The purchaser to give bonds with approved security, to carry interest from the day of sale. Possession to be given the first day of January, 1786.

At the same time and place will be sold, a few Negroes, the Stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, with the Fodder, Hay, Straw, plantation Utensils, and 100 barrels of Corn.—Half the purchase-money to be paid down in specie, tobacco, or certificates, as above; the other half in twelve months. The purchasers to give bond with approved security, to carry interest from the date, if not punctually paid.—Five per cent. discount will be allowed for any of the credited property, paid for on the day of sale.

G. WEEDON.

September 28, 1785.

WHEREAS a BOX, marked J. T. No. 1, was shipped on board my schooner at Hobb's-Hole, directed to Mr. James Thrashkill, Alexandria—this is to request the owner would apply immediately for it, and take it away.

THOMAS CONNOLY, Master.

Alexandria, Sept. 22, 1785.

Gurden Chain and Co.

Have for Sale at their store (lately occupied by Messrs. William Hartshorne and Co.) in King-street, near the Corner of Fairfax-street, the following Articles, which they will sell on reasonable Terms, for Cash, Wheat, Corn, Flour, or Tobacco:

SUPERFINE, second and coarse broadcloths, coatings, duffils, fearnoughts, serges, striped linseys, red, white and yellow flannels, swanskins, Kendal cottons, plaids, yarn and worsted hose, mens' and womens' cotton, thread and silk, ditto, corduroys, cotton and silk velvets, sagnets, royal ribs, jeans, jeanets, pillow fustian, plain and corded dimities, bordered and plain Marseilles quilting, drawboys, diaper and Denmark tablecloths, clouting diaper, lustrings, padesoys, Egyptian prunes, white, black and blue satins, black modes, pelongs, sarsenets, silk serges, silk quilts, shalloons, durants, calamancoes, camblets, hairbines, rattinets, tammies, moreens, duroys, sagathees, bombazines, black lasting, mourning crapes, calamanco, leather and Morocco shoes, mens' shoes and boots, yellow canvas, crewels for marking, twist, mohair, sewing silks, Irish and French linens, Irish, Russia and Flanders sheetings, ravens duck, sailcloth, osnaburgs, brown rolls, dowlas, dark and light ground chintzes, calicoes, printed cottons and linens, striped, plain and spotted lawns, cambricks, plain, corded and sprigged muslins, tiffany, gauze, Bandano, Barcelona, lawn, printed and check handkerchiefs, souffle gauze and tiffany aprons, plain, stripe and spotted black gauzes, cyprus, figured, and striped white gauzes, catgut, skeleton and stick wire, thread laces and edgings, blond and black laces, plain, coloured, painted and black ribbons, tastes, womens' leather and silk gloves and mits, mens' leather and silk gloves, 2d. 4d. and 6d. ferrets, thread, silk and cotton laces, fine and coarse hats, ladies riding ditto, cotton and linen checks, striped hollands, Scotch, osnaburg and tailors' threads, buckram, bibles, testaments, prayer-books, spelling-books, psalters, London vocabularies, Clark's Corderius, Nepos, Sallust, Ovid, Horace, Virgil, Justin, Kennett's Antiquities, Selectæ e Veteri, Rudiman's Rudiments, Vettenhal's and Christie's Latin Grammars, Clark's and Christie's Introductions, Clark's Homer, 2 vols. Eutropius, Milton's Paradise lost, Greek testaments, Young Man's Companion, blank books and alphabets, tapes and bobbins, ivory and horn combs, a large assortment of twist, metal and fashionable buttons, pins, sewing and sail needles, sealing-wax, wafers, ink-powder, paper, slates, slate and lead pencils, fiddle strings, camel's hair pencils, painting, shoe, clothes and sweeping brushes, drum-lines, bed-cords, traces, leading-lines, calfskins, foal and neat's leather, shovels and tongs, rat-traps, chafingdishes, coffee-mills, copper tea-kettles and coffee-pots, gun-locks, stock, door, cupboard, chest, pad and bag locks, nail and spike gimlets, augers, H, HL, T, chest, dovetail, mortise, strap and box hinges, lemon squeezers, thumb-latches, stone, smiths' sledge, claw and saddlers' hammers, carpenters' braces and collars, glue, vices, scale-beams, knives and forks, oyster, cutteau and pen knives, razors, sloe-knives, awl-blades, tacks, lasts, curriers' knives, scissors, tailors' and sheep shears, shoemakers' and carpenters' pincers, nippers, bricklayers' and plasterers' trowels, butchers' and table steels, brass cocks, candlesticks and snuffers, window and wood screws, steel and plated spurs, pinking-irons, round and flat bolts, bullet-moulds, plane-irons, sugar-nippers, marking-irons, chissels, gouges, chimney-hooks, sconces, brass kettles, temple and common spectacles, tailors' thimbles, womens' brass and silver ditto, an assortment of files and rasps, tobacco and snuff boxes, round, oval and square waiters, rules and size-sticks, bottle-stands, table-ketches, screw and window pullies, coopers' compasses, sleeve-buttons, brass, steel, white-metal and plated shoe and knee buckles, watch chains and keys, fish-hooks, hooks and eyes, escutcheons and handles, sets of desk-mounting, hoes, axes, spades, shovels, coopers' and carpenters' adzes, Turky oil-stones, spice mortars, bar-iron, steel, nail-rods, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 24d. nails, 10d. 12d. and 20d. brads, sprigs, 12 oz. 14 oz. 16 oz. and 18 oz. tacks, pump-tacks, castings, flat-irons, frying-pans, pit, hand and mill saws, soap, candles, cheese, porter, saddles, bridles, stirrup-irons, bridle-bits, girths, girth-web, window-glass, an assortment of glass, china, tin, and queen's ware, pewter, horse and chair whips, powder, shot, lead, wine, Jamaica spirits, West-India and Continental rum, molasses, loaf and brown sugar, bohea, souchong, congo, green and hyson teas, coffee, chocolate, pimento, pepper, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, cotton, brimstone, indigo, copperas, saltpetre, corks, mustard, Leiper's snuff in bottles, stone jugs and butter-pots, &c. &c. &c.

Alexandria, Sept. 29, 1785.

☞ The Obligation given by Mr. William Hepburn to Mr. Henry M'Cabe, is but one Bond, and not Bonds, as mentioned in this Paper.

For BOSTON,

THE Sloop INDUSTRY, James Ron, Master; will sail in eight days.—For freight or passage, apply to the Master on board, at Harper's Wharf, or to PORTER and INGRAHAM.

Who have for sale, best Swedish iron in bars, a few barrels of choice mackerel, New-England rum in barrels, &c. &c.

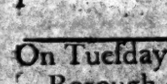
Alexandria, Sept. 29, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,
In Fee Simple,

A VERY valuable LOT, advantageously situated on Prince-street.—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

Sept. 29, 1785.

FOR SALE,



ONE thousand three hundred acres of LAND, suitable for cropping and farming, conveniently situated to the trade of Alexandria and Dumfries, lying on Bull-Run, in Loudon.—For terms, apply to Mr. Richards, on the premises, or Mr. John Chapman, in the neighbourhood.—The horses, stock and crops may be had with the land, or may be purchased separately. JOHN PAGE.

Rosewell, Gloucester,
Sept. 27, 1785.

Berkeley, September 13, 1785.

THE LANDS in this county, contiguous to those of James Wormeley, Esq; at the Rocks, formerly advertised for sale, are now to be rented.—They will be laid off in lots, in such a manner, that every lot shall comprehend some meadow ground, or low grounds, which in fact are meadow. Mr. Wormeley, jun. will be up by the 14th of November, and grant leases to those who may wish to become tenants, provided terms mutually agreeable can be adopted. There are two thousand seven hundred and odd acres.—Any person disposed to purchase seven hundred acres may be accommodated with that quantity.—Application may be made, between this period and November, to Mr. James Wormeley, or Mr. Nicholas Roper, who will shew the land, either to those who mean to rent it, or to any who would choose to purchase, and who are empowered to make engagements in my absence.

RALPH WORMELEY, jun.

On Tuesday, the 15th of November next, in the Borough of Winchester and County of Frederick, will be sold to the highest Bidder, for ready money,

FORTY valuable SLAVES, the property of the late Robert Burwell, deceased, in order to discharge the debts of that estate. The sale will be conducted in the absence of the Executors by

SAMUEL BAKER.

September 28, 1785.

WHEREAS the bonds given at the sale of the personal effects of James Nourse, Esq; deceased, become payable the first and twenty-sixth days of November.—Notice is hereby given, that the Subscriber will attend on said days, at Charlestown, in Berkeley County, to receive all such sum or sums of money as will on those days be due, and expressed in the bonds aforesaid.

WILLIAM NOURSE.

☞ A young Negro Fellow, and a Negro Boy, together with the Plate, Linen, Books, &c. the remainder of the personal effects of the said James Nourse, Esq; will be offered for sale, at Captain Cherry's tavern, in Charlestown, on Thursday the tenth day of November next.—The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

September 26, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, living near Bath, in Berkeley County, on the 7th instant, a SERVANT MAN, named WILLIAM KELLY, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and has dark hair and eyes: He had on and took with him, a blue cloth coat, spotted velvet jacket, corduroy breeches, and light coloured worsted stockings.—He took his bag-pipes with him, on which he plays tolerably.—Whoever will take up said Servant, and secure him, so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above Reward, paid by JOHN STEED.

September 27, 1785.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 21st of last month, a MULATTO WOMAN, named MOLLY, of a middle size. She took with her two Virginia cloth jackets and petticoats, one brown and one green baize ditto, with sundry other things.—As she can read, and is handy at her needle, it is probable she will endeavour to pass for a free woman. She is very artful, and capable of inventing a falsehood.—Whoever delivers said woman to me, in Hanover, Culpeper or Fredericksburg, or secures her in any goal, so that I may get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded.

JAMES DUNCANSON.

Fredericksburg, Sept. 26, 1785.

POETRY.

The BOY's CHOICE *of a* SCHOOL-MASTER.

"NURS'D in learning's sacred lore,
Bred in science' useful store,
Good manners and soft native ease,
A thorough knowledge of mankind,
A perfect master of the mind,
And as much patience as you please,

Unruffled as an autumn sea,
His placid temper still should be:
Yet skill'd in ev'ry smaller art;
With cunning to find out our tricks,
With justice punishments to fix;
But mercy ruler of his heart.

If learning's rougher paths I shun,
In errors devious windings run;
Teach him with mildness to restrain:
Nor let me always stand in fear,
Trembling for my conscious ear,
Or shuddering, eye th' uplifted cane.

One uniform and steady law
Preserv'd unbroken, without awe;
Not guided by caprice or whims:
No starting eye-ball let me dread,
When passion reigns and reason's fled,
Let ut not see distorted limbs.

But let good humour always charm,
And keep our emulation warm;
Yet give to vagrant fancy rule,
To keep us in the way that's right,
By soft persuasion, not by fright;
O! send me to that happy school."

THE Subscriber is empowered to lease for five years, commencing from next January, the elegant House, with the Offices, Garden and Plantation, opposite Alexandria, in Maryland, commonly called OXEN HILL.—The superior quality of the land, and the uncommon conveniencies in the house itself, as well as every other improvement, has justly ranked it among the first seats in Maryland, and is so generally known, that a particular description is unnecessary.

WILLIAM BAKER.

☞ The Subscriber will rent the House he now lives in for seven months, and give possession the first of October next.—It is a very excellent stand for a store, and will also accommodate a family.

Alexandria, Sept. 15, 1785.

To be Sold to the highest Bidder, on Tuesday, the Eighteenth of October next, at Newgate,

PART of a PLANTATION formerly advertised by the Subscriber. It is well watered, and may be conveniently divided into several small farms.—One half the purchase money to be paid down, the residue on long credit, the bonds bearing interest from their date.—Fifteen per cent. discount will be allowed for ready money in the second payment.—Any person who wishes to see the above land, will be shewn the same by Mr. Samuel Love, jun. living near the premises.

JOHN MONROE.

Croyden, Westmoreland County,
September 14, 1785.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from a pasture, near Bath, in Berkley County, on the 26th of August last, TWO HORSES—one a chesnut sorrel, about 14½ hands high, 6 years old, a small star in his forehead, no brand, his tail drawn short, and appears to have been docked, though he is not. The other, a black, about 14 hands and an inch high, 6 years old, docked, and branded G. M. on the left buttock.——Any person delivering said Horses to Col. Joseph Mitchel, of Martinsburg; Mr. Daniel Norton, Winchester; Mr. Robert Throckmorton, jun. Bath; or the Subscriber, in Fairfax County, shall receive the above Reward.

THOMSON MASON.

September 14, 1785.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, living in Fairfax County, Virginia, on the 5th instant, a NEGRO MAN, named GEORGE, about 5 feet 7 inches high, 40 years of age, thick and well set; had on and took with him, a Negro cotton jacket, tow linen shirt, and a pair of sacking trousers; has some scars upon his breast and other parts of his body.—Whoever will deliver said Negro to his master, shall receive the above Reward.

EDWARD BLACKBURN.

September 14, 1785.

Fresh Hyson and Gunpowder Teas,

Received by the Empress of China, directly from Canton, and to be sold by

Porter and Ingraham,

Who have for sale a general assortment of EUROPEAN GOODS on very reasonable terms, for cash or tobacco. Amongst which are,

A variety of low priced broadcloths,
Coatings, duffils, baize,
Shalloons, calamancoes,
Durants, camblotteens,
Lastings, mens' worsted and thread hose,
Ladies cotton ditto,
Mens' coloured beaver and lamb skin gloves,
Ladies' ditto,
Boys' and maids' ditto,
Checked handkerchiefs,
Nankeens, Irish linens,
Tablecloths,
Lawns, gauzes,
Dowlas, Holland duck,
Calicoes, Russia sheetings,
Irish ditto,
Ticklenburgs and sewing twine,
Mould candles by the box,
Black pepper,
Bohea tea by the chest or dozen,
Sugar in barrels,
4d. and 20d. nails,
German steel,
Bar-iron, shot and lead,
Tin plates.

☞ A large assortment of HARDWARE, and a variety of other articles.

Alexandria, August 5, 1785.

To be LET, on Ground-Rent in Fee-simple, to the highest Bidder, on Monday the 3d Day of October next,

One Hundred LOTS of Ground,

Contiguous to the Town of Alexandria, each lot containing half an acre, fronting on two streets, on one 176 feet 6 inches, and on the other 123 feet 5 inches, some of which are water lots, and many of them fronting on a street 100 feet in width, leading from the extensive wharf now building by Captain Harper and others into the country, intersecting Washington-street, which is likewise 100 feet in width; at the intersection of the two streets a space is left for a Market-House and other public buildings; the residue of the lots are adjoining the last-mentioned lots, and the lots on the west side of Washington-street.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER,
WILLIAM GIBBONS STUART,
Executors of John Alexander, deceased.

July 26, 1785.

To be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

Webster's Grammatical Institute,

In THREE PARTS,

Being a Spelling-Book, a Grammar, and an Art of Reading and Speaking, recommended by many Gentlemen of Literature, as far preferable to Dilworth's, Fenning's, Lowth's, or any other foreign School-Book. It contains many Improvements in the English Language, and is the Production of an American Genius.

R U M,

Of an excellent Quality, made and sold by the Hogshead or larger Quantity, cheap for Cash or Country Produce.

WILLIAM LYLES and COMPANY

Alexandria, May 17, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away, on Tuesday, the 19th ult. from the Subscriber, a likely MULATTO MAN, named JOE, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and about 22 years of age: He took with him a London brown coarse turned ratteen coat with white metal buttons, a blue cotton coat, a striped calico waistcoat, a striped and clouded worsted stocking pattern ditto, a parson's grey broadcloth ditto, a pair of spotted purple and white velveret breeches, a pair of figured brown corduroy ditto, a pair of blue cotton leggings, white yarn stockings, shoes half-worn, two pair of large, handsome plated buckles, a hat, with a gold band, button and loop. He is very artful, and has a very smooth tongue. He escaped once before, endeavoured to pass for a freeman, assumed the name of John Smith, and had taken his passage in some boat that was going down Potomack; and I suspect he will endeavour to fall on some such plan again to effect his escape. Whoever takes up the said runaway, and secures him, so that I may get him again, shall receive EIGHT DOLLARS reward, if 20 miles from home, SIXTEEN if 30, and if 40 or more the above reward, besides reasonable charges, if brought home.

DANIEL CARROLL, jun.

Montgomery County, Maryland, August 19, 1785.

To be sold, at the Printing-Office,

A Variety of Blank Books, consisting of Ledgers, Journals, Cash-Books, Letter-Books, &c. &c. Also, Stoughton's Bitters, Anderson's Pills, Daffy's Elixir, Balsam of Honey, Squire's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, &c. &c. &c.

THE Subscriber has now finished a large and commodious LIVERY STABLE, and is ready to take in gentlemens' horses.—Those that are pleased to favor him with their custom, may depend that good usage and attendance will be given.

PATRICK MURRAY.

Alexandria, Sept. 15, 1785.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public in general, that he has opened TAVERN in the house lately occupied by Mr. JOHN LOMAX, where he flatters himself he will be able to entertain those gentlemen who please to favor him with their custom to their satisfaction; as he has furnished himself with good liquors of all kinds, and every other thing necessary for the accommodation of gentlemen. He has also good stabling, and plenty of hay and oats of the best quality.

ALEXANDER THOMAS.

☞ Said Thomas will take in boarders on the most reasonable terms.

Alexandria, Sept. 7, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND at the corner of Wolf and Washington streets, containing 22 feet front on Washington-street and 73 feet on Wolf-street.—Also, seven other Lots joining the above, with the same front on Washington-street and 73 feet deep, subject to an annual ground-rent of one dollar per foot.—As the purchase-money will be but small, ready pay will be expected, when a deed shall be given the purchaser with a special warrant.—The rent is not to begin till the 20th of October next; each lot to be improved with a dwelling-house in three years, otherwise the rent to be 10s. per foot instead of one dollar.—I have also several lots on Fairfax-street, near the corner of Gibbon-street, which I will rent on moderate terms to such as can improve immediately.—A plan of the lots on Wolf-street may be seen at the Printing-Office.

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE,

Who has just received, New-England rum, molasses, raisins in jars, and hollow iron ware, which will be sold cheap for Cash.

Alexandria, July 6, 1785.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

BROKE GAOL, on the night of the 4th of August last, a MULATTO MAN, named THOMAS VALENTINE, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a very down, Indian look; had on when he made his escape, an Irish linen shirt, a short brown jacket, striped holland trousers, London made shoes, silver buckles, and a tolerable good hat; but he may change his cloaths, as he has many. I have heard that he was taken up in Alexandria since he broke gaol, but made his escape.—Whoever will take up said fellow, and secure him in any gaol, or deliver him to the Subscriber, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

SAMUEL ABELL,
Sheriff of Saint-Mary's County, Maryland.

September 14, 1785.

RAN AWAY, the 9th of June last, from David Ashton's, a free Mulatto man, in Westmoreland County, a yellow NEGRO SLAVE, son to the said Ashton, the property of the Subscriber; he is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, and is blind of his right eye. Said fellow, since his elopement, has broke open a store in Alexandria, was pursued, and taken up at Falmouth, when he was ordered to be committed to Stafford gaol; but on his way had the daring resolution to attack his guard, which he robbed, and made his escape from. Whoever will secure said fellow, and send him to the Subscriber, living in the lower end of Westmoreland County, shall receive THIRTY DOLLARS reward, and travelling expences, paid by

F. COX, sen.

September 22, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, from the Subscriber, on the 19th instant, a TAWNY WOMAN, about twenty years of age, of a middle size, long curly hair, and had on and took with her a variety of cloathing. It is suspected that she will be carried off or concealed by a white man, who has been very intimate with her for some years.—Whoever takes up said woman, and delivers her to the Subscriber, shall have the above reward, if taken 50 miles from home, and out of the State, if that distance, and within the State, the one half thereof; and if a longer or shorter distance, a proportionable reward, and all charges, paid by

RAPHAEL BOARMAN.

Cornwallis's-Neck, Charles County, Maryland, August 25, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-street*——by whom *Advertisements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.